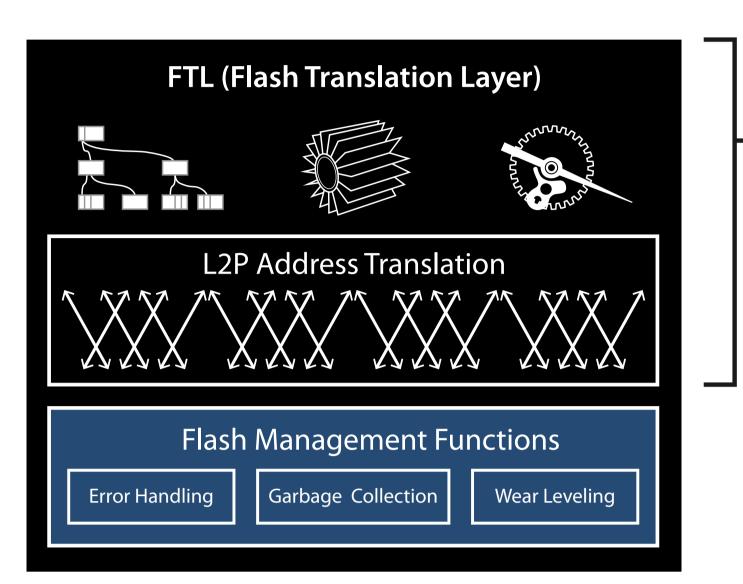




SSDs perform Flash Management inside a FTL (Flash Translation Layer)

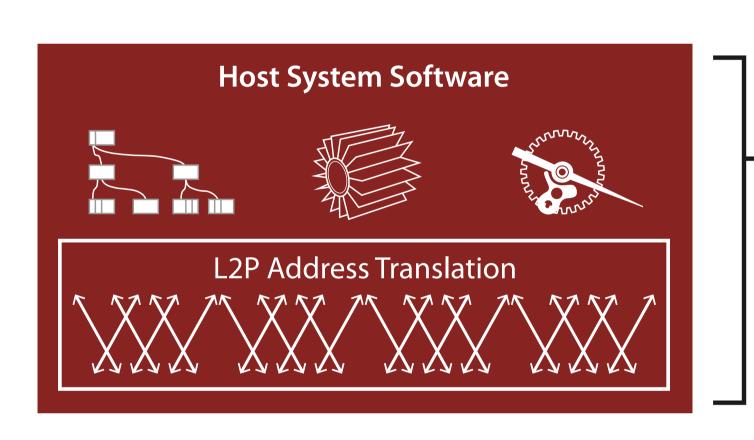


- Autonomous & Asynchronous
 - Space Management
 - Address Translation
 - Scheduling
 - Data Placement

Non-Overwriting Host System Software

(file systems, block managers, object/key value stores)

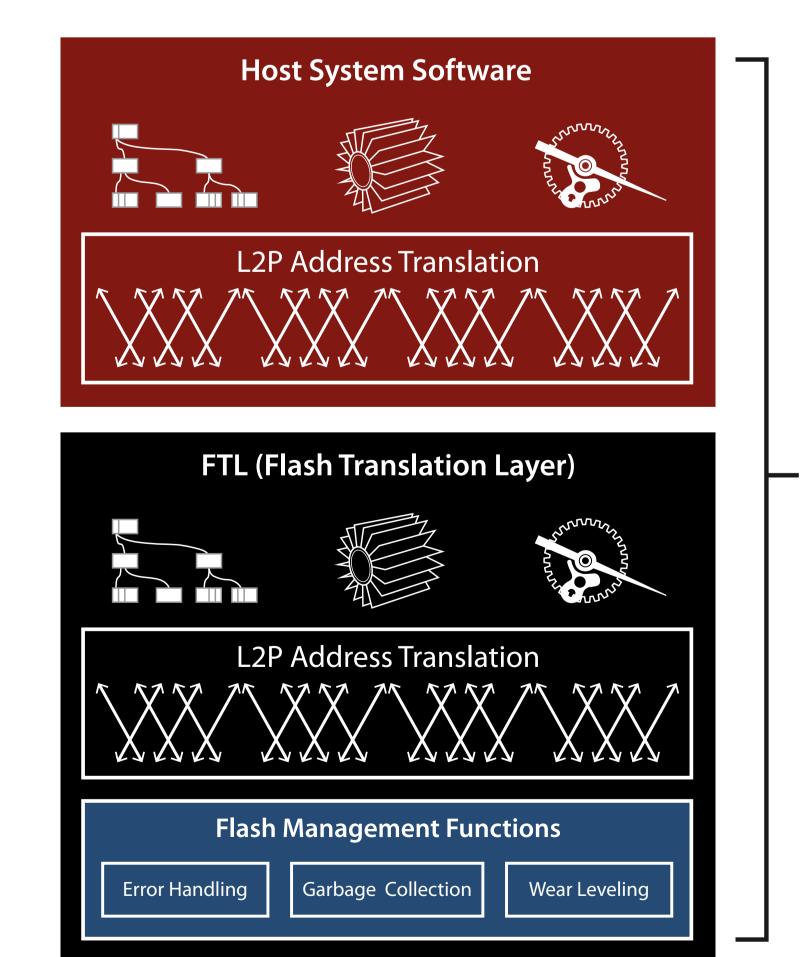
- Intelligently performs storage management
- System knowledge about data and workloads



- Autonomous & Asynchronous
 - Space Management
 - Address Translation
 - Scheduling
 - Data Placement
- Segment cleaning process relocates valid data (Garbage Collection)
- Requires "Free Space" (Overprovisioning)
- Has system-level Write Amplification

All this... even when only utilizing Hard Disk Drives

Redundancy = Dislocation & Double Penalties



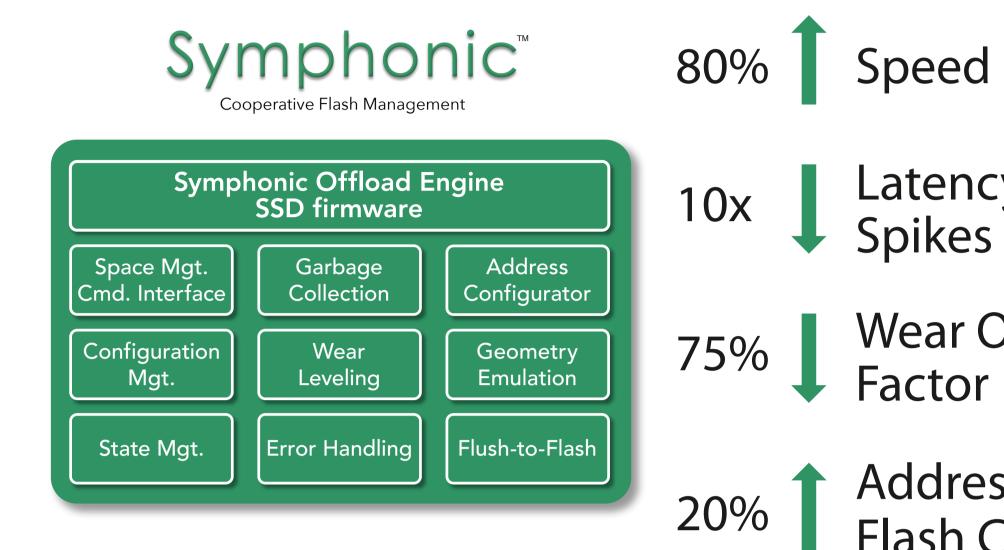
- Double penalty for...
 - Lookups & Locking
 - Garbage Collection
- Write Amplification
- Two autonomous and asynchronous engines
- device overprovisioning Prevents optimized

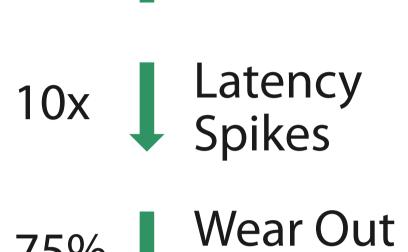
Requires additional

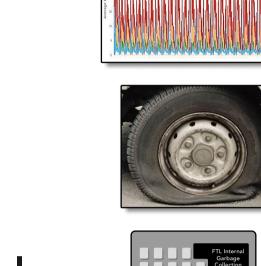
Increases collisions = latency spikes

data placement

Beats the leading enterprise FTL SSDs...





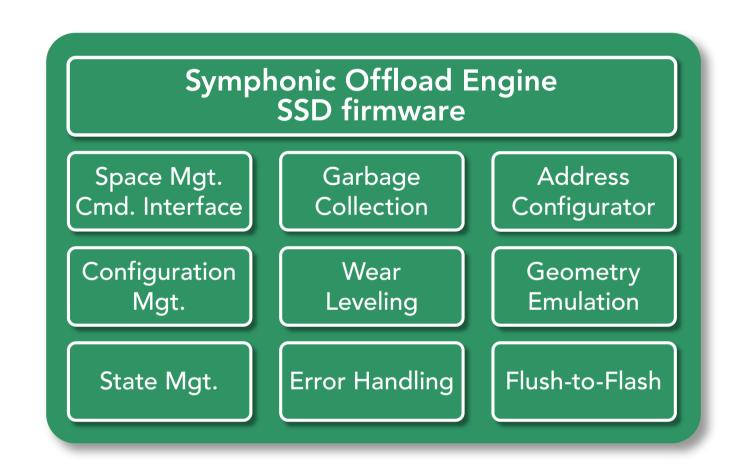




Factor

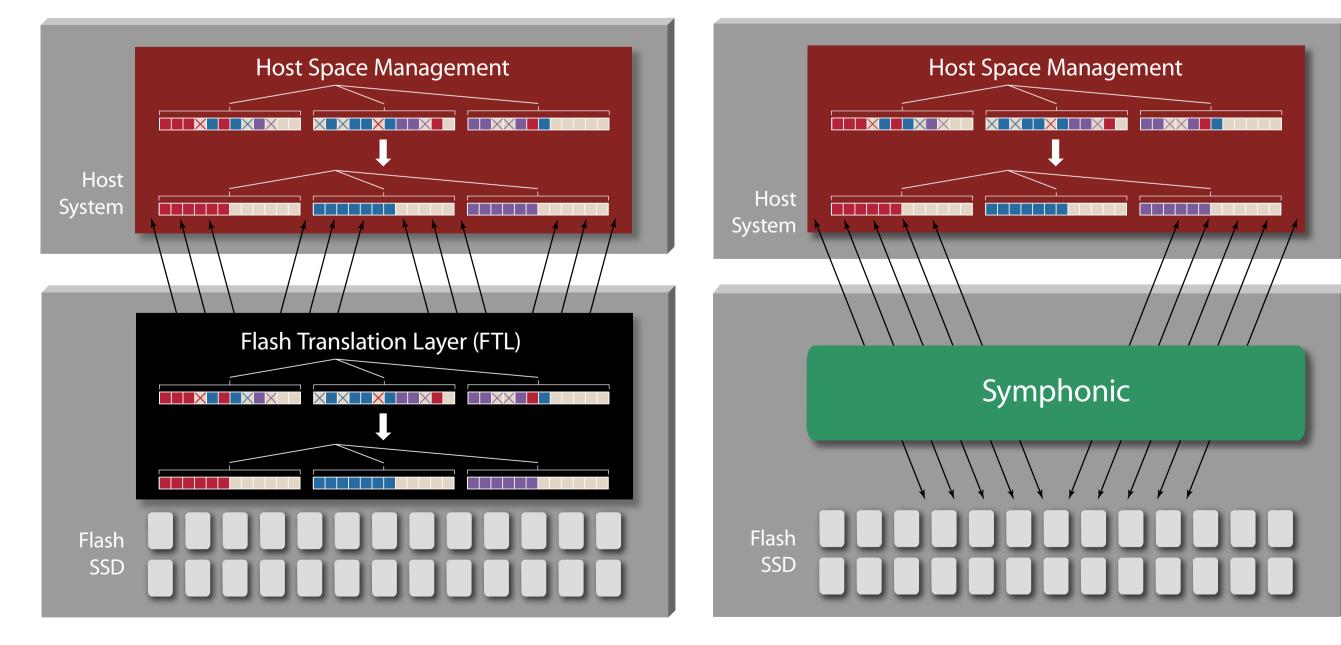


- Leverages host's existing functionality:
- Space Management Segment Cleaning (Garbage Collection)



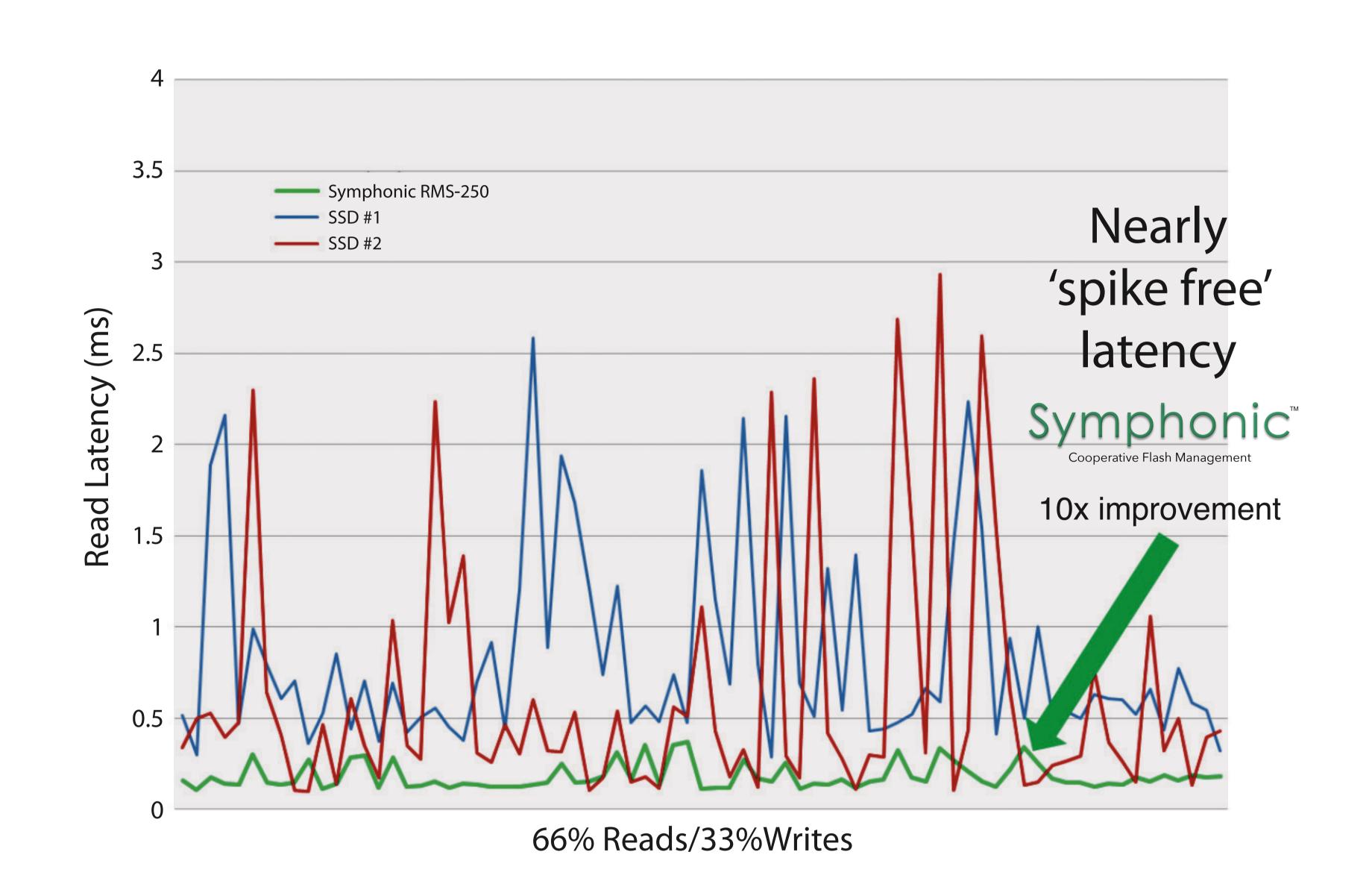
- Replaces the FTL to create Offload Engine
- NVMe API with custom vendor-specific extensions
- Appears as a NVMe **Block Device**
- Executes Garbage Collection processes on SSD
- Provides optimized geometric alignment, integration and serviceability
- Abstracts low level NAND attributes
- Transparently provides Wear Leveling and Error Handling

Eliminates 'Log on Log' Collisions & Double Write Amplification

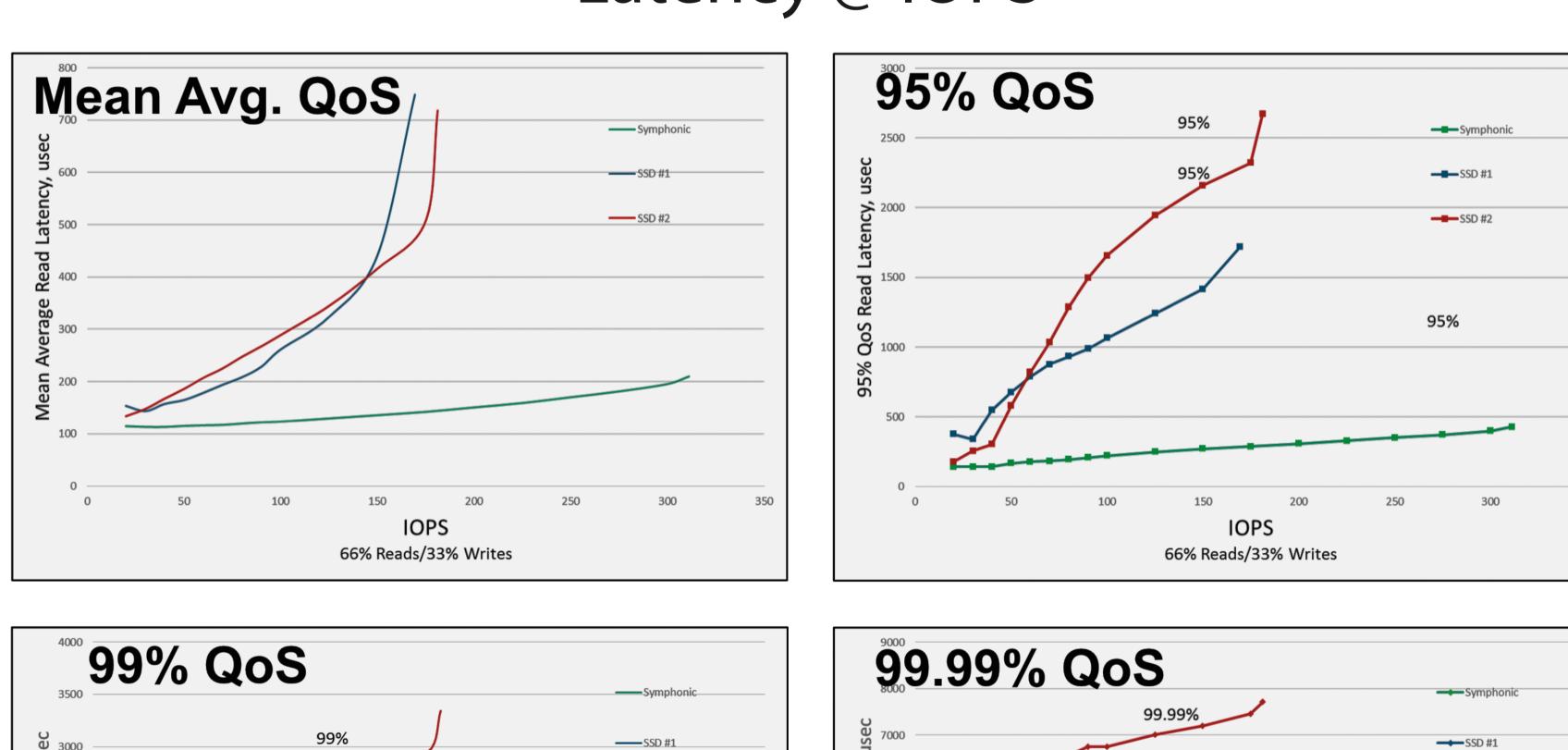


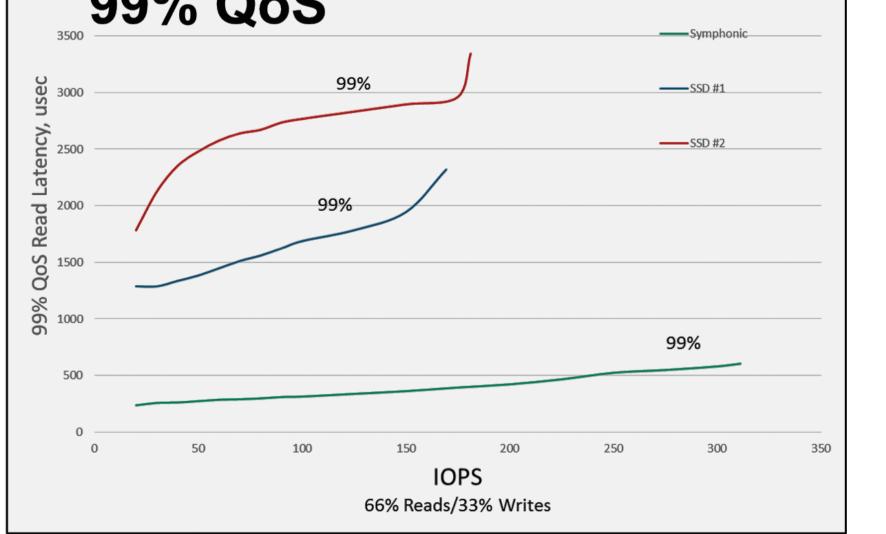
Coherent Data Placement & Deterministic Scheduling

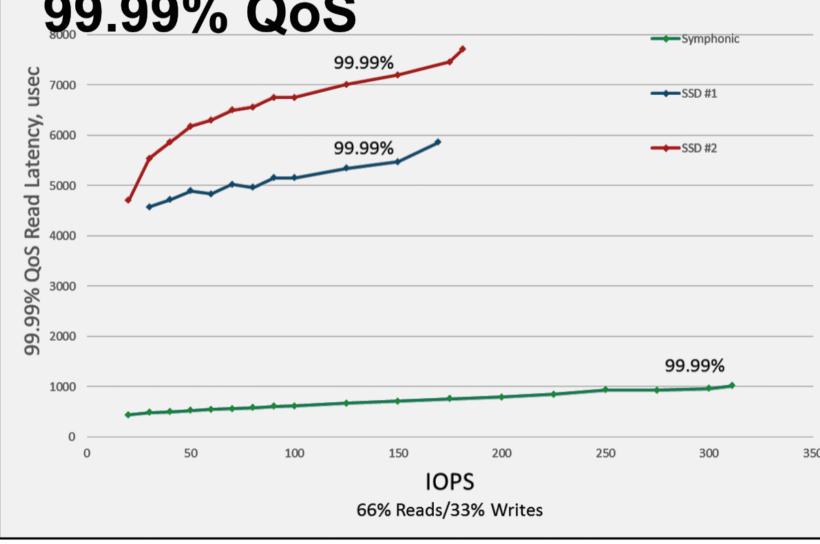
Host Managed FTL SSD Raw Flash Symphonic[™] Host Space Management Flash Translation Layer (FTL)



Latency @ IOPS







Radian Memory Systems, Inc.